

Engineering Dynamics, 2nd Edition  
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**Answers to Selected Homework Problems**  
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- 1.2  $c_1 = -244.00$ ,  $c_2 = 0$ ,  $c_3 = 455.48$  rad/s,  
 $\bar{e}_2 = -0.1449\bar{i} + 0.9704\bar{j} - 0.1932\bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{e}_3 = -0.5822\bar{i} + 0.2415\bar{j} + 0.7763\bar{k}$ .
- 1.5  $\mathcal{V} = 6.116 (10^{-6}) \text{ m}^3$ .
- 1.7  $F_y = 386.18$ ,  $F_x = 336.79$  N.
- 1.8  $\bar{F} = 3009\bar{i} - 3492\bar{j} + 1937\bar{k}$  N,  $\bar{M}_A = 7749\bar{i} - 12034\bar{k}$ ,  $M_{\text{shaft}} = -11624$  N-m.
- 1.10  $\Delta\bar{r}_C = -1.1753\bar{i} + 1.0445\bar{j} - 0.4113\bar{k}$ ,  $\Delta\bar{r}_B = 1.1753\bar{i} - 1.0445\bar{j} - 0.4113\bar{k}$
- 1.12  $\bar{v}_P = [\varepsilon\alpha \cos(\alpha t) \cos\theta - R\alpha t \sin\theta]\bar{i} + [\varepsilon\alpha \cos(\alpha t) \sin\theta + R\alpha t \cos\theta]\bar{j}$ ,  
 $\bar{v}_{\parallel} = \varepsilon\alpha \cos(\alpha t)$ ,  $\bar{v}_{\perp} = R\alpha t$ .
- 1.16  $\mathcal{P} = [F_1 + F_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2)]\dot{s} + F_2 L_1 \dot{\theta}_2 \cos\theta_2 + F_2 L (\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2) \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2)$ .
- 2.2 (a)  $m\ddot{x} = \beta B \dot{y}$ ,  $m\ddot{y} - \beta B$ ,  $m\ddot{z} = 0$ ,  
 (b)  $\omega = \frac{\beta B}{m}$   
 (c)  $C = 0$ ,  $S = \frac{v_0}{\omega}$ ,  $D = 0$ ,  $E = \frac{v_0}{\omega}$   
 (d) circular path centered at  $x = 0, y = -v_0/\omega$  with radius  $= v_0/\omega$
- 2.3  $\beta_{\text{max}} = 21.419^\circ$
- 2.6 (a)  $\bar{v} = u\bar{i} + \frac{\pi H u}{L} \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{L}\right)\bar{j}$ ,  $\bar{a} = -\frac{\pi^2 H u^2}{L^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{L}\right)\bar{j}$ ,  
 (b)  $N = mg \left[1 + \left(\frac{uH}{L}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{L}\right)\right]^{1/2} \left(1 - \pi^2 \frac{u^2 H}{gL^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{L}\right)\right)$ ,  $x = ut$ .  
 (c)  $u < \left(\frac{gL^2}{\pi^2 H}\right)^{1/2}$ .
- 2.11  $F = 3.314$  N,  $N = 10.326$  N
- 2.13  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bar{v} \cdot \bar{e}_R \\ \bar{v} \cdot \bar{e}_\theta \\ \bar{v} \cdot \bar{e}_z \end{array} \right\} = c\lambda \left( \begin{array}{l} 1 \\ -2.094\gamma \\ 8.3776 \end{array} \right)$ ,  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \bar{a} \cdot \bar{e}_R \\ \bar{a} \cdot \bar{e}_\theta \\ \bar{a} \cdot \bar{e}_z \end{array} \right\} = c\lambda^2 \left( \begin{array}{l} -1.0472\gamma^2 \\ -4.6276\gamma \\ 2 \end{array} \right)$
- 2.14  $\bar{v} = u \cot\theta \bar{e}_R - L\Omega \sin\theta \bar{e}_\theta - u\bar{e}_z$ ,  $\bar{a} = -\left(\frac{u^2}{L(\sin\theta)^3} + L\Omega^2 \sin\theta\right) \bar{e}_R - 2\Omega u \cot\theta \bar{e}_\theta$ .
- 2.15  $\bar{v} = \left[\frac{3}{4}u \cot\theta\right] \bar{e}_R + \left[\frac{3L}{2}\omega \sin\theta\right] \bar{e}_\phi + \left[-\frac{1}{4}u\right] \bar{e}_z$   
 $\bar{a} = \left[-\frac{3}{8} \frac{u^2}{L(\sin\theta)^3} - \frac{3L}{2}\omega^2 \sin\theta\right] \bar{e}_R + \left[\frac{3L}{2}\dot{\omega} \sin\theta + \frac{3}{2}u\omega \cot\theta\right] \bar{e}_\phi$
- 2.19 (a)  $\bar{a} = -525.89\bar{e}_r - 386.92\bar{e}_\phi$ , (b)  $\bar{a} = -770.94\bar{e}_R + (0)\bar{e}_\theta - 6\bar{e}_z$
- 2.21 (a)  $s = s_0/4$ , (b)  $s = s_0/2$ , (c)  $R = 2s_0/\pi$ , (d)  $s = 0.3280\pi$ .
- 2.23  $\rho = \frac{c^2 + k^2 L^2}{k^2 L}$ ,  $\tau = \frac{(c^2 + k^2 L^2)^{1/2}}{ck}$
- 2.25  $\bar{v} = (0.1451\bar{i} - 0.4785\bar{j})\beta$ ,  $\bar{a} = (0.0304\bar{i} - 0.16973\bar{j})(\beta^2/k)$ .
- 2.26  $v = A\omega \left[1 + 3(\sin\theta)^2\right]^{1/2}$ ,  $\dot{v} = 3\omega^2 A \frac{\sin\theta \cos\theta}{\left[1 + 3(\sin\theta)^2\right]^{1/2}}$ ,  $\bar{a} \cdot \bar{e}_n = \frac{2\omega^2 A}{\left[1 + 3(\sin\theta)^2\right]^{1/2}}$ .
- 2.28  $\bar{e}_t = -0.4804\bar{i} + 0.2774\bar{j} + 0.8321\bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{e}_n = -0.5160\bar{i} + 0.6769\bar{j} - 0.5241\bar{k}$   
 $\bar{e}_b = -0.7086\bar{i} - 0.6818\bar{j} - 0.1818\bar{k}$ ,  $\rho = 6.392$  m,  $\tau = 40.33$  m.
- 2.33  $v = 12.329$  m/s,  $\dot{v} = -8.922$  m/s<sup>2</sup>,  $\rho = 3.719$  m,  $\bar{r}_C = -22.071\bar{i} + 27.462\bar{j} - 8.2399\bar{k}$  m.

- 2.35  $\dot{r} = -350.0 \text{ m/s}$ ,  $\dot{\lambda} = 0.06351 \text{ rad/s}$ ,  $\dot{\theta} = -0.03244 \text{ rad/s}$ ,  
 $\ddot{r} = 4.831 \text{ m/s}^2$ ,  $\ddot{\lambda} = -0.01285 \text{ rad/s}^2$ ,  $\ddot{\theta} = -0.005277 \text{ rad/s}^2$ .
- 2.36  $\bar{v} = \begin{pmatrix} \dot{R} \cos \theta - R \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \\ \dot{R} \sin \theta + R \dot{\theta} \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \bar{i} + \begin{pmatrix} \dot{R} \sin \theta + R \dot{\theta} \cos \theta \\ \dot{R} \cos \theta - R \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \bar{j}$ ,  
 $a = \begin{pmatrix} \ddot{R} \cos \theta - 2\dot{R}\dot{\theta} \sin \theta - R\ddot{\theta} \sin \theta - R\dot{\theta}^2 \cos \theta \\ \ddot{R} \sin \theta + 2\dot{R}\dot{\theta} \cos \theta + R\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - R\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \end{pmatrix} \bar{i} + \begin{pmatrix} \ddot{R} \sin \theta + 2\dot{R}\dot{\theta} \cos \theta + R\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - R\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \\ \ddot{R} \cos \theta - 2\dot{R}\dot{\theta} \sin \theta - R\ddot{\theta} \sin \theta - R\dot{\theta}^2 \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \bar{j}$ .
- 2.38  $\bar{v} = \dot{\theta} (R' \bar{e}_R + R \bar{e}_\theta)$ ,  $\bar{a} = \dot{\theta}^2 [(R'' - R) \bar{e}_R + 2R' \bar{e}_\theta]$ ,  $\rho = \frac{[(R')^2 + R^2]^{3/2}}{R''R - R^2 - 2(R')^2}$ .
- 2.41 (a)  $\bar{v} = -0.2828u \bar{i} - 1.1314u \bar{j}$ ,  $\bar{a} = -0.5440u^2 \bar{i} - 0.8960u^2 \bar{j}$ ,  
(b)  $F = m (1.1676u^2 - 11.095)$ .
- 2.43  $v = 20.62 \text{ m/s}$ ,  $\dot{v} = 250.0 \text{ m/s}^2$
- 3.1  $[R] = \begin{bmatrix} 0.8321 & -0.5547 & 0 \\ 0.3714 & 0.5571 & 0.7428 \\ -0.412 & -0.618 & 0.6695 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\bar{r}_{C/A} = 0.4828 \bar{j} - 0.5356 \bar{k} \text{ m}$ .
- 3.4  $[R] = \begin{bmatrix} -0.9285 & 0.3714 & 0 \\ -0.1564 & -0.3910 & 0.9070 \\ 0.3369 & 0.8422 & 0.4211 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\bar{r}_{O/A} = 46.42 \bar{i} + 7.82 \bar{j} - 16.84 \bar{k} \text{ m}$ .
- 3.8 (a)  $[x_E \ y_E \ z_E] = [-75.09 \ -48.32 \ -42.73] \text{ mm}$ ,  
(b)  $[X_E \ Y_E \ Z_E] = [-1.62 \ -98.80 \ -6.06] \text{ mm}$ .
- 3.14  $[X_C \ Y_C \ Z_C] = [0.1465 \ 0.3357 \ 0.0766] \text{ m}$ .
- 3.17  $\phi = 77.14^\circ$  about  $\bar{K}' = 0.9265 \bar{I} - 0.3258 \bar{J} - 0.1881 \bar{K}$ .
- 3.18  $[R]$  is equivalent to rotating  $151.48^\circ$  about  $\bar{e} = 0.5644 \bar{I} - 0.1780 \bar{J} - 0.8961 \bar{K}$
- 3.21  $\Delta \bar{r}_C = -406.9 \bar{I} - 378.6 \bar{J} - 505.1 \bar{K} \text{ mm}$ .
- 3.23  $\Delta \bar{r}_A = -113.19 \bar{I} + 124.14 \bar{J} - 13.76 \bar{K} \text{ mm}$ ,  $\Delta \bar{r}_B = 95.83 \bar{I} - 25.66 \bar{J} + 13.76 \bar{K} \text{ mm}$ .
- 3.25  $\Delta \bar{r}_F = 39.689 \bar{I} + 5.236 \bar{J} - 13.818 \bar{K} \text{ mm}$ ,  $\Delta \bar{r}_F = 33.757 \bar{i} + 24.417 \bar{j} + 7.6023 \bar{k} \text{ mm}$ ,
- 3.30  $\bar{\omega} = 1000\pi \bar{i} + 0.16667 \bar{k} \text{ rad/s}$ ,  $\bar{\alpha} = 166.7\pi \bar{j} \text{ rad/s}^2$ ,  
where  $\bar{i} = \bar{e}_t$  and  $\bar{j} = \bar{e}_n$  for the airplane's path.
- 3.31  $\bar{\omega} = -0.4330 (\dot{\theta} + 2\dot{\beta}) \bar{i} + 0.5 (\dot{\theta} + 2\dot{\gamma}) \bar{j} + 0.250 (3\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\beta}) \bar{k}$ ,  
 $\bar{\alpha} = -0.250 (\dot{\theta}\dot{\beta} + 3\dot{\theta}\dot{\gamma} - 2\dot{\beta}\dot{\gamma}) \bar{i} - 0.8660 \dot{\theta}\dot{\beta} \bar{j} + 0.4330 (\dot{\theta}\dot{\beta} - \dot{\theta}\dot{\gamma} - 2\dot{\beta}\dot{\gamma}) \bar{k}$ .
- 3.32  $\bar{\omega} = -2 \bar{i} + 5241 \bar{j} - 19.32 \bar{k} \text{ rad/s}$ ,  $\bar{\alpha} = 101210 \bar{i} + 12.76 \bar{j} - 10370 \bar{k} \text{ rad/s}^2$ .
- 3.33  $\bar{a}_C = [L\ddot{\theta} \sin 2\theta - L\dot{\theta}^2 (9 + \cos 2\theta)] \bar{i} + [L\ddot{\theta} (3 + \cos 2\theta) + L\dot{\theta}^2 \sin 2\theta] \bar{j}$ ,  $\bar{i} = \bar{e}_{C/B}$ .
- 3.37  $\bar{a}_{B/A} = (-\Omega^2 H + 2\Omega \dot{\theta} W \sin \theta) \bar{i} - (\Omega^2 + \dot{\theta}^2) W (\cos \theta) \bar{j} - \dot{\theta}^2 W \sin \theta \bar{k}$ .
- 3.39  $\bar{v}_E = -(3.77L + 127.3R) \bar{j} - 10(L + R) \bar{k}$ ,  
 $\bar{a}_E = -(106.3L + 16315R) \bar{i} + 25.13(L + R) \bar{j} - (495.3L + 182.1R) \bar{k}$ .
- 3.42  $\bar{v}_D = -6.566 \bar{i} - 2.347 \bar{j} + 11.638 \bar{k} \text{ m/s}$ ,  $\bar{a}_D = -314.9 \bar{i} - 237.4 \bar{j} - 317.4 \bar{k} \text{ m/s}^2$ ,  
where  $\bar{j} = \bar{e}_{C/B}$  and  $\bar{k} = \bar{e}_{B/A} \times \bar{e}_{C/B} / |\bar{e}_{B/A} \times \bar{e}_{C/B}|$ .
- 3.44  $\dot{u} = (50 - \sin \theta) g + \dot{\theta}^2 s + \Omega^2 s (\cos \theta)^2$ ,  
 $N_{\text{horizontal}} = 2m\Omega (u \cos \theta - \dot{\theta} s \sin \theta)$ ,  $N_{\text{vertical}} = m \left( g \cos \theta + \Omega^2 \frac{s}{2} \sin 2\theta + 2\dot{\theta} u \right)$
- 3.46  $\bar{v}_C = (v \cos \beta - b\dot{\theta} \cos \theta) \bar{i} - b\dot{\beta} \sin \theta \bar{j} + b\dot{\theta} \sin \theta \bar{k}$   
 $\bar{a}_C = (-b\ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + (a + b \sin \theta) \dot{\beta}^2 + b\dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta - 2u\dot{\theta} \cos \theta) \bar{i}$   
 $- ((a + b \sin \theta) \ddot{\beta} + 2u\dot{\beta} \sin \theta + 2b\dot{\theta}\dot{\beta} \cos \theta) \bar{j}$   
 $+ (b\ddot{\theta} \sin \theta + b\dot{\theta}^2 + 2u\dot{\theta} \sin \theta) \bar{k}$
- 3.49  $\bar{v}_B = \dot{\xi} \bar{i} + \Omega \xi \sin \theta \bar{j} + \dot{\theta} \xi \bar{k}$ ,  
 $\bar{a}_B = \left[ \ddot{\xi} - \dot{\theta}^2 \xi - \Omega^2 \xi (\sin \theta)^2 \right] \bar{i} + \left[ 2\Omega \dot{\xi} \sin \theta + 2\Omega \dot{\theta} \xi \cos \theta \right] \bar{j}$   
 $+ \left[ \ddot{\theta} \xi - \Omega^2 \xi \sin \theta \cos \theta + 2\dot{\theta} \dot{\xi} \right] \bar{k}$ .

- 3.51  $\bar{\omega} = 0.9397\Omega \cos \phi \bar{i} - 0.9397\Omega \sin \theta \bar{j} + (-0.3420\Omega + \dot{\phi}) \bar{k}$ ,  
 $\bar{\alpha} = -0.9397\Omega \dot{\phi} \sin \phi \bar{i} - 0.9397\Omega \dot{\phi} \cos \phi \bar{j} + \ddot{\phi} \bar{k}$ ,  
 $\bar{v}_G = -1.47\Omega L \sin \phi \bar{i} + L \left[ -(0.171 + 1.47 \cos \phi) \Omega + 0.5\dot{\phi} \right] \bar{j} + 0.4698\Omega L \sin \phi \bar{k}$ ,  
 $\bar{a}_G = L \left[ (-0.5 - 0.5027 \cos \phi + 0.8415 (\cos \phi)^2) \Omega^2 - 0.5\dot{\phi}^2 + 0.342\Omega \dot{\phi} \right] \bar{i}$   
 $+ L \left[ 0.5\ddot{\phi} + (0.5027 \sin \phi - 0.2208 \sin 2\phi) \Omega^2 \right] \bar{j}$   
 $+ L \left[ -(1.381 + 0.1607 \cos \phi) \Omega^2 + 0.9397\Omega \dot{\phi} \cos \phi \right] \bar{k}$
- 3.53  $\bar{\omega} = \left( \frac{v}{\tau} + v \frac{d\beta}{ds} \right) \bar{e}_t + \frac{v}{\rho} \bar{e}_b$ ,  
 $\bar{\alpha} = \left( \frac{\dot{v}}{\tau} - \frac{v^2}{\tau^2} \frac{d\tau}{ds} + \dot{v} \frac{d\beta}{ds} + v^2 \frac{d^2\beta}{ds^2} \right) \bar{e}_t + \frac{v^2}{\rho} \frac{d\beta}{ds} \bar{e}_n + \left( \frac{\dot{v}}{\rho} - \frac{v^2}{\rho^2} \frac{d\rho}{ds} \right) \bar{e}_b$ .
- 3.54  $(\bar{v}_B)_{x_2y_2z_2} = -46.57\bar{I} + 41.16\bar{J}$  m/s,  $(\bar{a}_B)_{x_2y_2z_2} = -19668\bar{I} - 35112\bar{J}$  m/s<sup>2</sup>.
- 3.56  $(\bar{a}_{can})_{xyz} = (0.25s - 2.503) \bar{i} - 0.918\bar{j} - (s + 5.553) \bar{k}$ .
- 3.59  $s = - \left( \frac{\omega_e \sin \lambda}{u} \right) d^2$  to the right.
- 4.1  $\bar{v}_D = \left( R\omega_1 \cos \beta - R\omega_2 - L\dot{\beta} \right) \bar{i} + L\omega_1 \sin \beta \bar{j} - R\omega_1 \cos \beta \bar{k}$ ,  
 $\bar{a}_D = \left( -L\omega_1^2 \sin \beta \cos \beta - L\ddot{\beta} \right) \bar{i} + \left[ -R(\omega_1^2 + \omega_2^2) + 2\omega_1 (L\dot{\beta} + R\omega_2) \cos \beta \right] \bar{j}$   
 $- \left[ \omega_1^2 L (\sin \beta)^2 + L\dot{\beta}^2 + 2R\omega_2\dot{\beta} \right] \bar{k}$ .
- 4.3  $\dot{\psi} = -98.266$  rad/s,  $\dot{\gamma} = -21.484$  rad/s,  $\dot{\eta} = 144.77$  rad/s,  
 $\bar{\omega} = -21.406\bar{i}' - 21.406\bar{j}' + 44.633\bar{k}'$  rad/s.
- 4.5  $\theta = \pi/3$ ,  $\phi = 0$ ,  
 $\dot{\psi} = 40$  rad/s,  $\dot{\theta} = 10$  rad/s,  $\dot{\phi} = -800$  rad/s,  
 $\ddot{\psi} = 9007$  rad/s<sup>2</sup>,  $\ddot{\theta} = -1001$  rad/s<sup>2</sup>,  $\ddot{\phi} = 3811$  rad/s<sup>2</sup>,
- 4.9  $v = 5.313$  m/s,  $\dot{v} = 724.1$  m/s<sup>2</sup>.
- 4.12  $\bar{v}_A = b\dot{\theta} \cos \theta \bar{J}$ ,  $\bar{a}_A = b \left( \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \right) \bar{J}$ ,  
 $\bar{v}_B = -b\dot{\theta} \sin \theta \bar{I}$ ,  $\bar{a}_B = -b \left( \ddot{\theta} \sin \theta + \dot{\theta}^2 \cos \theta \right) \bar{I}$ ,  
 $\bar{v}_G = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} b\dot{\theta} \cos \left( \theta + \frac{\pi}{4} \right) (\bar{I} + \bar{J})$ ,  
 $\bar{a}_G = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} b \left[ \ddot{\theta} \cos \left( \theta + \frac{\pi}{4} \right) - \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \left( \theta + \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right] (\bar{I} + \bar{J})$ .
- 4.15  $\theta = 60^\circ$ :  $\bar{\omega}_{BC} = -0.1111\dot{\theta} \bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{\alpha}_{BC} = -0.4467\dot{\theta}^2 \bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{k}$  is inward.  
 $\theta = 120^\circ$ :  $\bar{\omega}_{BC} = -0.2727\dot{\theta} \bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{\alpha}_{BC} = -0.1232\dot{\theta}^2 \bar{k}$ .
- 4.17  $\bar{\omega}_{BC} = 0.8660\omega_{AB} \bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{\omega}_{CD} = -0.50\omega_{AB} \bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{\alpha}_{BC} = 0.250\omega_{AB}^2 \bar{k}$ ,  
 $\bar{\alpha}_{CD} = 1.616\omega_{AB}^2 \bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{k}$  is outward.
- 4.18  $\bar{v}_B = 0.866v_A \bar{i} + 0.866L\Omega \bar{j} + 0.5v_A \bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{v}_G = 0.433v_A \bar{i} + 0.433L\Omega \bar{j} - 0.25v_A \bar{k}$ ,  
where  $\bar{k}$  is upward and  $\bar{i}$  is radial.
- 4.20  $\bar{v}_C = -R\Omega \sin \theta \bar{i} + u \bar{j} - u \tan \theta \bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{a}_C = -2\Omega u \bar{i} - R\Omega^2 \sin \theta \bar{j} - \frac{u^2}{R} \frac{1}{(\cos \theta)^3} \bar{k}$   
where  $\bar{k}$  is upward and  $\bar{j}$  is radial.
- 4.23  $v_D = 18.138$  m/s,  $\bar{\omega}_{CD} = 17.490\bar{i} + 141.22\bar{j} - 90.88\bar{k}$  rad/s,  
 $a_D = -13802$  m/s<sup>2</sup>,  $\alpha_{CD} = 950.7\bar{i} + 4718\bar{j} - 4940\bar{k}$  rad/s<sup>2</sup>.
- 4.26 (a) No unique solution, (b)  $\omega_{AB} = -\omega_{CD} = 1.20v_A \bar{J} + 1.60v_A \bar{K}$  rad/s, where  $\bar{I} = \bar{e}_{A/C}$ .
- 4.28  $\bar{v}_C = \frac{1}{2} [(\omega_1 r_1 + \omega_2 r_2) + (\omega_2 r_2 - \omega_1 r_1) \cos \theta] \bar{i} + \frac{1}{2} (\omega_2 r_2 - \omega_1 r_1) \sin \theta \bar{j}$   
 $\bar{a}_C = - \frac{(\omega_2 r_2 - \omega_1 r_1)^2}{2(r_2 - r_1)} \sin \theta \bar{i} - \left[ \frac{(\omega_2 r_2 + \omega_1 r_1)^2}{2(r_2 + r_1)} + \frac{(\omega_2 r_2 - \omega_1 r_1)^2}{2(r_2 - r_1)} \cos \theta \right] \bar{j}$   
where  $\bar{j}$  is radial and  $\bar{i}$  is downward to the right
- 4.30  $\bar{\omega}_A = 0.7273 \frac{v}{R}$  clockwise,  $\bar{\alpha}_A = 0.1172 \frac{v^2}{R^2}$  clockwise.

$$4.32 \quad \bar{\omega} = \frac{v(\cos\theta)^2}{R(\cos\theta)^2 + h} \text{ clockwise,} \quad \bar{\alpha} = \frac{2v^2h(\cos\theta)^3 \sin\theta}{[R(\cos\theta)^2 + h]^3} \text{ counterclockwise.}$$

$$4.35 \quad \bar{\omega} = -\frac{v}{R}\bar{i} + \frac{v}{R}\cos\beta\bar{j}, \quad \bar{\alpha} = \frac{v^2}{R^2}(1 + \cos\beta)\sin\beta\bar{k},$$

$\bar{i}$  parallel to the cone generator and  $\bar{j}$  upward.

$$4.38 \quad \bar{\omega} = \left[ \Omega_1 \cos(\beta + \gamma) + (\Omega_1 - \Omega_2) \frac{\sin\beta}{\sin\gamma} \right] \bar{i} - \Omega_1 \sin(\beta + \gamma) \bar{j},$$

$$\bar{\alpha} = \left[ \dot{\Omega}_1 \cos(\beta + \gamma) + (\dot{\Omega}_1 - \dot{\Omega}_2) \frac{\sin\beta}{\sin\gamma} \right] \bar{i} - (\Omega_1 - \Omega_2) \Omega_1 \frac{\sin\beta}{\sin\gamma} \sin(\beta + \gamma) \bar{j}$$

$$- \dot{\Omega}_1 \sin(\beta + \gamma) \bar{k}$$

where  $\bar{i}$  is along axis of gear A and  $\bar{k}$  is upward to the left

$$4.40 \quad \text{Precession: } \dot{\psi} = \Omega_1 + \frac{(\Omega_1 - \Omega_2)}{(\sin\beta)^2} \left[ \left( \frac{R}{r} - 1 \right) \cos\beta - 1 \right],$$

$$\text{Spin: } \dot{\phi} = \frac{(\Omega_1 - \Omega_2)}{(\sin\beta)^2} \left( \frac{R}{r} - 1 - \cos\beta \right),$$

$$\bar{\omega} = (\dot{\psi} \cos\beta + \dot{\phi}) \bar{i} + \dot{\psi} \sin\beta \bar{k}, \quad \bar{\alpha} = -\dot{\phi} \bar{j} \sin\beta,$$

$\bar{i}$  parallel to the cone generator,  $\bar{k}$  upward.

$$4.42 \quad \psi = 33.69^\circ, \quad \dot{\psi} = -15.428 \text{ rad/s}, \quad \dot{\theta} = 0.6934 \text{ rad/s}, \quad \dot{\phi} = 13.699 \text{ rad/s.}$$

$$4.44 \quad \bar{\omega} = 2\Omega(1 + \cos\beta)\bar{i} + \dot{\beta}\bar{j} - \Omega\cos\beta\bar{k}, \quad \dot{\beta} = \frac{u}{R} \left( \frac{1}{\sin\beta - 2\cos\beta} \right)$$

$$\bar{\alpha} = -2\Omega\dot{\beta}\sin\beta\bar{i} - \left[ \frac{u^2}{R^2} \frac{1}{(\sin\beta - 2\cos\beta)^3} + \Omega^2 \cos\beta(2 + 2\cos\beta - \sin\beta) \right] \bar{j}$$

$$- 2\Omega\dot{\beta}(1 + \cos\beta - \sin\beta)\bar{k}, \quad \bar{i} = \bar{e}_{C/B}, \quad \bar{k} \text{ upward.}$$

$$5.2 \quad \text{(a) } \bar{H}_O = 8.3138\bar{k} \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{s}$$

$$\text{(b) } \bar{H}_O = 8.3138(\sin\phi\bar{J} + \cos\phi\bar{K}) \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{s}$$

$$\text{(c) } \frac{d}{dt}\bar{H}_O \approx 2452.357\bar{J} - 454.517\bar{K} \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}\bar{H}_O = 2452.388\bar{J} - 454.523\bar{K} \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$5.4 \quad \bar{\Gamma}_C = \left[ -\frac{3}{2}mgL\sin\theta + \frac{5}{4}L^2mL^2\theta - \frac{5}{4}mL^2\Omega^2\cos\theta\sin\theta \right] \bar{j} - \frac{5}{2}mL^2\Omega\dot{\theta}(\cos\theta)\bar{k}$$

$$\bar{F} = 2mg \left[ \cos\theta + \frac{3}{2}L\Omega^2\cos\theta\sin\theta \right] \bar{i} - 3mL\Omega\dot{\theta}(\sin\theta)\bar{j} - \frac{3}{2}m \left[ L\Omega^2(\cos\theta)^2 + L\dot{\theta}^2 \right] \bar{k}$$

$$5.6 \quad m = 6.369 \text{ kg}, \quad x_G = 1.1078 \text{ m}, \quad y_G = 0.5847 \text{ m},$$

$$I_{xx} = 3.544, \quad I_{yy} = 9.931, \quad I_{zz} = 13.475 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2, \quad I_{xy} = 5.776 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2.$$

$$5.8 \quad x_G = \frac{4R}{3\pi}, \quad z_G = \frac{2L}{3}, \quad I_{xx} = \frac{mL^2}{4} \left[ \frac{1 + (\cos\psi)^2}{(\cos\psi)^2} \right], \quad I_{xz} = \frac{mL^2}{\pi} \tan\psi$$

$$5.10 \quad m = \frac{7}{12}\pi\rho R^2L, \quad z_G = \frac{11}{28}L, \quad I_{xx} = I_{yy} = m \frac{128L^2 + 93R^2}{560}, \quad I_{zz} = m \frac{93R^2}{280}.$$

$$5.11 \quad m = 414.1 \text{ kg}, \quad \bar{r}_{G/O} = 2.26\bar{j} + 200\bar{k} \text{ mm, centroidal } \hat{x}\hat{y}\hat{z} \text{ are principal axes with}$$

$$I_{\hat{x}\hat{x}} = 9.495, \quad I_{\hat{y}\hat{y}} = 9.498, \quad I_{\hat{z}\hat{z}} = 9.800 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2.$$

$$5.13 \quad [I] = mR^2 \begin{bmatrix} 0.542 & 0.042 & 0 \\ 0.042 & 2.542 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1.292 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$5.15 \quad I_{xx} = 9.265\sigma R^3, \quad I_{yy} = 2.649\sigma R^3, \quad I_{zz} = 8.773\sigma R^3$$

$$I_{xy} = 0.745\sigma R^3, \quad I_{yz} = 2\sigma R^3, \quad I_{xz} = 0$$

$$5.18 \quad I_1 = 26.61(10^{-6}), \quad I_2 = 456.7(10^{-6}), \quad I_3 = 483.3(10^{-6}) \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2.$$

$$5.20 \quad [I] = \begin{bmatrix} 188.5 & 228.9 & 0 \\ 228.9 & 1687.5 & -21.5.1 \\ 0 & -21.5 & 1616.0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2 \text{ for } \theta = 30.03^\circ$$

- 5.22  $I_1 = 304.88(10)^{-6}$ ,  $I_2 = 1221.8(10)^{-6}$ ,  $I_3 = 1462.7(10)^{-6}$  kg-m<sup>2</sup>  
 $[R] = \begin{bmatrix} -0.9723 & -0.2104 & -0.04106 \\ -0.2292 & 0.9591 & -0.08656 \\ -0.04644 & -0.1894 & 0.9954 \end{bmatrix}$
- 5.24  $\bar{H}_C = \frac{1}{9}mL^2\Omega \sin \theta \bar{j}$ ,  $d\bar{H}_C/dt = \frac{1}{9}mL^2\Omega^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \bar{k}$   
with  $x$  aligned with bar AB,  $y$  upward in the vertical plane.
- 5.27  $d\bar{H}_O/dt = 0.090411\bar{k} = 0.090411\bar{k}'$  kg-m<sup>2</sup>/s<sup>2</sup>
- 5.29  $\bar{F}_O = -mL \left[ \dot{\psi}^2 (\sin \theta)^2 + \dot{\theta}^2 \right] \bar{i} - mL \left[ \ddot{\theta} - \dot{\psi}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \right] \bar{j} - mL \left[ \ddot{\psi} \sin \theta + 2\dot{\psi}\dot{\theta} \cos \theta \right] \bar{k}$ ,  
 $\bar{M}_O = \left[ I_1 \ddot{\psi} \cos \theta - (I_1 - I_2 + I_3) \dot{\psi}\dot{\theta} \sin \theta \right] \bar{i} + \left[ I_2 \ddot{\psi} \sin \theta - (I_1 - I_2 - I_3) \dot{\psi}\dot{\theta} \cos \theta \right] \bar{j}$   
 $- \left[ I_3 \ddot{\theta} + (I_1 - I_2) \dot{\psi}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \right] \bar{k}$ ,  $\bar{i} = \bar{e}_{G/O}$ .
- 5.31  $\Sigma \bar{F} = -1.44L\bar{k}$ ,  $\Sigma \bar{M} = (-15.71 \cos \beta + 0.001836 \sin \beta \cos \beta)\bar{k}$  Nm with  $\bar{k} = \bar{e}_{D/C}$
- 5.33  $\bar{H}_G = mR^2\omega_1 \left[ 0.125\lambda\bar{i} + (0.433\lambda - 0.5)\bar{k} \right]$ ,  $\frac{d\bar{H}_G}{dt} = mR^2\omega_1^2 (0.25\lambda - 0.10825\lambda^2)\bar{j}$   
 $\lambda = 2.309$  for no dynamic reactions,  
 $\bar{i}$  is the axis of the disk,  $\bar{j}$  is perpendicular to the diagram.
- 5.35  $\bar{F}_B = 3mR\Omega^2\bar{I} + mg\bar{K}$ ,  $\bar{M}_B = \frac{1}{4}mR^2 \left[ -2\Omega\dot{\phi} (\cos \theta)^2 + (\Omega^2 - \dot{\phi}^2) \sin \theta \cos \theta \right] \bar{j}$   
 $\bar{i}$  is the axis of the disk,  $\bar{j}$  is perpendicular to the diagram.
- 5.38  $\theta = 89.416^\circ$ ,  $\beta = 28.369^\circ$ ,  $|\bar{w}| = 2.4658$ ,  $\dot{\psi} = |\bar{w}| \frac{\sin \beta}{\sin \theta}$ ,  $\dot{\phi} = |\bar{w}| \frac{\sin(\theta - \beta)}{\sin \theta}$
- 5.40 (a)  $\bar{H}_G = m(0.3147\bar{i} - 0.0906\bar{j} + 0.0315\bar{k})$  kg-m<sup>2</sup>/s  
(b)  $\psi = 0$ ,  $\theta = 84.506^\circ$ ,  $\phi = 163.93^\circ$   
(c)  $\dot{\psi} = 1.2139$  rad/s,  $\dot{\theta} = -0.78386$  rad/s,  $\dot{\phi} = -0.097324$  rad/s
- 6.1  $\Omega = \left( \frac{3g}{2L \cos \theta} \right)^{1/2}$ .
- 6.5  $\dot{v} = 0$ ,  $\bar{F}_{\text{left}} = -\frac{mv^2}{6R} \cos \theta \bar{I} + \left( \frac{3}{2}mg + \frac{mv^2}{6R} \sin \theta \right) \bar{K}$ ,  
 $\bar{F}_{\text{right}} = \frac{mv^2}{6R} \cos \theta \bar{I} + \left( \frac{3}{2}mg - \frac{mv^2}{6R} \sin \theta \right) \bar{K}$ ,  $\bar{K}$  upward.
- 6.7  $\bar{F}_A = \left[ 10g \cos \gamma - 2.5\dot{\psi}^2 (\sin \gamma)^2 \right] \bar{i} + \left[ 10g \sin \gamma - 2.5\dot{\psi}^2 \sin \gamma \cos \gamma \right] \bar{j} - 2.5\ddot{\psi} \sin \gamma \bar{k}$  N,  
 $\bar{M}_A = 0.4\ddot{\psi} \cos \gamma \bar{i} + 0.225\ddot{\psi} \sin \gamma \bar{j} + \left( 2.5g \sin \gamma - 24\pi\dot{\psi} \sin \gamma - 0.175\dot{\psi}^2 \sin \gamma \cos \gamma \right) \bar{k}$  N-m,  
 $\bar{i}$  along the axis of symmetry,  $\bar{k}$  horizontal.
- 6.10  $\frac{1}{3}\ddot{\theta} + \Omega^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \cos \theta \right) \sin \theta = \frac{g}{2L} \cos \theta$ .
- 6.14  $\omega_1^2 > \frac{g/R}{0.4 + 1.25 \sin 2\theta}$ .
- 6.15  $N \left[ L(1 + \cos \gamma) - R \sin \gamma \right] = mgL(1 + \cos \gamma) - mR^2\Omega^2 \left[ \frac{L^2}{R^2} \sin \gamma \right.$   
 $\left. + \left( \frac{1}{4} - \frac{L}{2R} \right) \cos \gamma \right] \sin \gamma$ ,  $\gamma = \frac{\pi}{6}$ .
- 6.19 Front wheel drive:  $\dot{v} = \mu g \frac{L-b}{L+\mu h}$ , rear wheel drive:  $\dot{v} = \mu g \frac{b}{L}$ ,  
all wheel drive:  $\dot{v} = \mu g$ .
- 6.22  $\ddot{\theta} = 0.978 \frac{g}{L}$ .
- 6.25  $\ddot{\phi} = 22.45$  rad/s<sup>2</sup>.
- 6.32  $\omega_A - \omega_B = \frac{gL}{R^2\dot{\psi}}$ .
- 6.34  $\Delta N = 63.4$  N, increase at front wheels, decrease at rear wheels.

- 6.38  $v^2 = \frac{1.7194}{1 + \kappa^2/R^2} \left( \frac{FR}{m} \right).$
- 6.40  $v^2 = \frac{2FR^3}{m(R^2 + \kappa^2)} \left[ \theta + \sin \theta - \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{8 - 2 \cos \theta - (\cos \theta)^2} \right].$
- 6.42  $\max \phi = 37.49^\circ.$
- 6.44 (a)  $\dot{\theta} = 4.3503 \sqrt{\frac{g}{L}},$  (b)  $\max(\theta) = 133.8^\circ$  above horizontal.
- 6.52  $\omega_2 = \frac{mvh}{2I_A}$  where point  $A$  is the corner where impact occurs.
- 6.54  $\bar{v}_G = 15.459$  m/s downward,  $\omega_2 = 17.441$  rad/s counterclockwise.
- 6.58  $(\bar{v}_B)_2 = 0.8589v_1$  at  $34.19^\circ$  below the left direction.
- 6.63  $P = 1593.2$  J. Power minimized when  $\theta = 90^\circ.$
- 7.1  $M = \frac{1}{2}mgL.$
- 7.4 Part (a):  $Q_1 = -\frac{(FLH + \Gamma H)}{y^2 + H^2} - k(y - H) - \frac{mgLH^2}{2(y^2 + H^2)^{3/2}}$   
Part (b):  $Q_1 = -\left[ FL + \Gamma + \frac{kH^2(\tan \theta - 1)}{(\cos \theta)^2} + \frac{1}{2}mgL \cos \theta \right]$
- 7.10  $Q_1 = -\sqrt{2}kb^2 \sin \frac{\theta}{2} - F = Q_{\text{cons}} + Q_{\text{nc}}$
- 7.14  $3m\ddot{u} + m\ddot{x}_m = F$   
 $m\ddot{u} + m[1 + 4\beta^2 x_m^2] \ddot{x}_m + 4\beta^2 x_m \dot{x}_m^2 + 2\beta mgx_m = 0$
- 7.18  $\frac{1}{3}mL^2\ddot{\phi} + \frac{1}{2}mL\varepsilon\Omega^2 \sin \phi + k\phi = 0.$
- 7.21  $4mR^2 \left( \ddot{\theta} + \omega^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \right) + 2mgR \sin(2\theta + \omega t) = 2FR \sin \theta.$
- 7.24  $(m_1 + m_2) \ddot{x} - m_2(R - r) \left( \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \right) + kx = F,$   
 $\frac{3}{2}(R - r) \ddot{\theta} - \ddot{x} \cos \theta + g \sin \theta = 0.$
- 7.25  $m \left[ 2\ddot{R}_1 + \ddot{R}_2 - (2R_1 + R_2) \dot{\theta}^2 \right] + k(R_1 - L) - 2mg \cos \theta = 0,$   
 $m \left[ \ddot{R}_1 + \ddot{R}_2 - (R_1 + R_2) \dot{\theta}^2 \right] + k(R_2 - L) - mg \cos \theta = 0.$
- 7.30  $(m_1 + m_2) \ddot{s} + m_1(R + \varepsilon \cos \theta) \ddot{\theta} - m_1 \varepsilon \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta = (m_1 + m_2) g \sin \beta,$   
 $m_1(R^2 + \varepsilon^2 + \kappa^2 + 2R\varepsilon \cos \theta) \ddot{\theta} + m_1(R + \varepsilon \cos \theta) \ddot{s}$   
 $- m_1 R \varepsilon \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta = m_1 g [R \sin \beta + \varepsilon \sin(\beta + \theta)].$
- 7.33  $\left[ 1 + 8(\cos \theta)^2 \right] \ddot{\theta} - (9\Omega^2 + 8\dot{\theta}^2) \sin \theta \cos \theta = \frac{(2mg - 4F)}{mL} \sin \theta.$
- 7.36  $(m_1 + m_2) \ddot{z} + \frac{1}{2}m_2L \left( \ddot{\theta} \sin \theta + \dot{\theta}^2 \cos \theta \right) + (m_1 + m_2) g + kz = F,$   
 $\frac{1}{3}L\ddot{\theta} + \frac{1}{2}\ddot{z} \sin \theta - \frac{1}{3}L\dot{\psi}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + \frac{1}{2}g \sin \theta = 0,$   
 $\frac{1}{3}m_2L^2 \left[ \ddot{\psi} (\sin \theta)^2 + 2\dot{\psi} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \cos \theta \right] = M.$
- 7.39  $\frac{2}{3}mL^2\ddot{\theta} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}mgL \sin \theta = 0, \quad \frac{1}{3}mL^2\ddot{\psi} = M.$
- 7.40  $m_1\ddot{s} - m_1 \left[ \dot{\theta}^2 + \dot{\psi}^2 (\sin \theta)^2 \right] s + ks + m_1g \sin \theta \cos \psi = 0,$   
 $(I_1 + m_1s^2) \ddot{\theta} + 2m_1s\dot{s}\dot{\theta} - m_1s^2\dot{\psi}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + m_1gs \cos \theta \cos \psi = 0,$   
 $\left[ I_2 + m_1s^2 (\sin \theta)^2 \right] \ddot{\psi} + 2m_1\dot{\psi}s \left[ \dot{s} (\sin \theta)^2 + s\dot{\theta} \sin \theta \cos \theta \right] - m_1gs \sin \theta \sin \psi = \Gamma.$

- 7.41 
$$\begin{aligned} & \left[ I_p + m \left( L^2 + \frac{1}{4} R^2 \right) \left( 1 + (\cos \beta)^2 \right) + 2mL^2 \cos \beta \right] \ddot{\psi} \\ & - 2m \sin \beta \left[ L^2 + \left( L^2 + \frac{1}{4} R^2 \right) \cos \beta \right] \dot{\beta} \dot{\psi} + \frac{1}{2} m R^2 \dot{\phi} \dot{\beta} \sin \beta = \Gamma, \\ & m \left( L^2 + \frac{1}{4} R^2 \right) \ddot{\beta} + m \sin \beta \left[ L^2 + \left( L^2 + \frac{1}{4} R^2 \right) \cos \beta \right] \dot{\psi}^2 - \frac{1}{2} m R^2 \dot{\psi} \dot{\phi} \sin \beta - mgL \cos \beta = 0. \end{aligned}$$
- 8.5 Configuration Constraints:  
 $L (\sin \theta \sin \psi) - H = 0$   
 $-\xi + L \cos(\theta) = \eta \cos(\Omega t)$   
 $L (\cos \psi \sin \theta) = \eta \sin(\Omega t)$   
Velocity Constraints:  
 $L \left( \dot{\theta} \cos \theta \sin \psi + \dot{\psi} \cos \psi \sin \theta \right) = 0$   
 $\dot{\eta} (\cos \Omega t) - \eta \Omega (\sin \Omega t) = -\dot{\xi} - \left[ L \left( \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \cos^2 \psi + \dot{\theta} \sin \theta \sin^2 \psi \right) \right]$   
 $\dot{\eta} (\sin \Omega t) + \eta \Omega (\cos \Omega t) = L \left( \dot{\theta} \cos \theta \cos \psi - \dot{\psi} \sin \theta \sin \psi \right)$
- 8.9 (a)  $\bar{v}_B = L \dot{\theta} \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin(\theta + \beta)} [(\cos \beta) \bar{i} + (\sin \beta) \bar{j}]$   
(b): Nonholonomic
- 8.11 
$$\begin{aligned} & (m_1 + m_2) \ddot{x} - m_2 \left( \ddot{R} - R \dot{\theta}^2 \right) \cos \theta + m_2 \left( R \ddot{\theta} + 2 \dot{R} \dot{\theta} \right) \sin \theta + 2k_1 x = \lambda_1 \sin \theta, \\ & m_2 \left( \ddot{R} - \ddot{x} \cos \theta - R \dot{\theta}^2 \right) + k_2 (R - R_0) - m_2 g \sin \theta = 0 \\ & m_2 \left( R \ddot{\theta} + \ddot{x} \sin \theta \right) - m_2 g \cos \theta = \lambda_1, \quad \dot{x} \sin \theta + R \dot{\theta} = 0. \end{aligned}$$
- 8.12 
$$\begin{aligned} & mR^2 \left\{ \left[ 2(1 + \kappa^2) + 2 + 2 \sin \theta \right] \ddot{\theta} + (\cos \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{5}{2} [\sin \phi - \cos(\theta + \phi)] \ddot{\phi} \right\} \\ & + 2.5 (\cos \phi) \dot{\theta} \dot{\phi} + \sin(\theta + \phi) \dot{\phi}^2 = RN \cos \theta + RF, (1 + \sin \theta) \\ & mR^2 \left[ 6.25 \ddot{\phi} + [1.25 - 2.5 \cos(\theta + \phi)] \ddot{\theta} + 2.5 \sin(\theta + \phi) \dot{\theta}^2 \right] = \\ & - 2.5 RN \cos \phi + 2.5 RF \sin \phi \end{aligned}$$
- 8.17 
$$\{z\} = \begin{bmatrix} \psi & \beta & \dot{\psi} & \dot{\beta} \end{bmatrix}^T, \quad I_1 = m \left[ L^2 + \kappa_1^2 (\sin \beta)^2 + \kappa_2^2 (\cos \beta)^2 \right]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_1 & 0 & -c_1 \\ 0 & m\kappa_2^2 & 1 \\ -c_1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \ddot{\psi} \\ \ddot{\beta} \\ \lambda_1 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} -m(\kappa_1^2 - \kappa_2^2) \dot{\psi} \dot{\beta} \sin 2\beta + m\kappa_1^2 \Omega_1 \dot{\beta} \cos \beta + \Gamma \\ \frac{1}{2} m (\kappa_1^2 - \kappa_2^2) \dot{\psi}^2 \sin 2\beta + m\kappa_1^2 \Omega_1 \dot{\psi} \cos \beta \\ c_2 \dot{\psi} \end{Bmatrix}$$
- 8.20 
$$\begin{aligned} & q_1 = X_C, \quad q_2 = Y_C, \quad q_3 = \theta, \quad \dot{X}_C \sin \theta - \dot{Y}_C \cos \theta = 0 \\ & \left( m + \frac{3}{2} m_w \right) \ddot{X}_C + mL \left( \ddot{\theta} \sin \theta + \dot{\theta}^2 \cos \theta \right) = (\bar{F}_1 + \bar{F}_2) \cdot \bar{I} + \lambda_1 \sin \theta \\ & \left( m + \frac{3}{2} m_w \right) \ddot{Y}_C - mL \left( \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \right) = (\bar{F}_1 + \bar{F}_2) \cdot \bar{J} - \lambda_1 \cos \theta \\ & \left( I + m_1 L^2 + \frac{1}{4} m_w R^2 \right) \ddot{\theta} + mL \left( \dot{X}_C \sin \theta - \dot{Y}_C \cos \theta \right) = \\ & \quad (\bar{r}_{A/C} \times \bar{F}_1 + \bar{r}_{B/C} \times \bar{F}_2) \cdot \bar{k} \end{aligned}$$
- 8.22 
$$\begin{aligned} & \left[ \frac{15}{8} \cos 2\beta + 4 \cos \beta + \frac{27}{8} \right] \ddot{\psi} + (\sin \beta) \ddot{\phi} - \left[ \frac{15}{4} \sin \beta - 4 \cos \beta \right] \dot{\psi} \dot{\beta} + (\cos \beta) \dot{\beta} \dot{\phi} \\ & = \frac{\Gamma}{mR^2} + (\sin \beta - 2 \cos \beta - 1) \lambda_1 \\ & \left[ \frac{3}{4} \cos 2\beta - \sin 2\beta + \frac{11}{2} \right] \ddot{\beta} + \left[ \frac{15}{4} \sin 2\beta + 4 \sin \beta \right] \dot{\psi}^2 - (\cos \beta) \dot{\psi} \dot{\phi} \\ & - \frac{g}{R} (6 \cos \beta - \sin \beta) = -\frac{F}{mR} (2 \cos \beta - \sin \beta) \\ & \ddot{\phi} + (\sin \beta) \dot{\psi} + (\cos \beta) \dot{\psi} \dot{\beta} = \lambda_1 \end{aligned}$$
- 8.29  $\max(\theta) = 80.73^\circ$  when  $t = 1.995$  s.
- 8.31  $X_G = -111.2$  m,  $Y_G = -70.0$  m, speed = 19.73 m/s,  $\theta = 56.2^\circ$  at  $t = 60$  s.
- 8.33  $\theta$  passes  $89^\circ$  when  $t = 9.28$  s.

$$\begin{aligned}
8.40 \quad & m\ddot{X}_B + \frac{1}{2}mL [(\cos \phi)\ddot{\phi} - (\sin \phi)\dot{\phi}^2] = Q_1 \\
& m\ddot{Y}_B + \frac{1}{2}mL [\ddot{\phi}\sin \phi + (\cos \phi)\dot{\phi}^2] - mg = Q_2 \\
& \frac{1}{3}mL^2\ddot{\phi} + \frac{1}{2}mL(\cos \phi)\ddot{X}_B + \frac{1}{2}mL(\sin \phi)\ddot{Y}_B - \frac{1}{2}mgL(\sin \phi) = Q_3 \\
& \text{with } \{Q\} = [\sigma] \begin{Bmatrix} N_A \\ N_B \end{Bmatrix} - \mu[\gamma] \begin{Bmatrix} f_A \\ f_B \end{Bmatrix} \\
& [\sigma] = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos \phi & 1 \\ -\sin \phi & 0 \\ -(H^2 + Y_B^2)^{1/2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad [\gamma] = \operatorname{sgn}(\dot{\phi}) \begin{bmatrix} \sin \phi & 0 \\ -\cos \phi & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
9.1 \quad & \dot{\psi} = \frac{p_\psi}{m \left( 3R^2 - RL + \frac{5}{4}L^2 + \frac{I}{m} \right)} \\
& \frac{3}{2}m\ddot{R} = \left[ \frac{6R - L}{m \left( 3R^2 - RL + \frac{5}{4}L^2 + \frac{I}{m} \right)^2} \right] p_\psi^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
9.3 \quad & \mathcal{R} = +\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3}{2} \right) m_1 (R - r)^2 \dot{\theta}^2 - \frac{m_1 (R - r) \dot{\theta} p_x \cos \theta}{(m_1 + m_2)} \\
& - \frac{1}{2} \frac{p_x^2}{(m_1 + m_2)} + m_1 g (R - r) \cos \theta
\end{aligned}$$

9.7 Both  $\psi$  and  $\phi$  are ignorable

$$\begin{aligned}
p_\psi &= \left\{ mL^2 (1 + \cos \beta)^2 + mR^2 \left[ \frac{1}{4} (\sin \beta)^2 + \frac{1}{2} (\cos \beta)^2 \right] \right\} \dot{\psi} + \frac{1}{2} mR^2 \dot{\phi} \cos \beta \\
p_\phi &= \frac{1}{2} mR^2 (\dot{\phi} + \dot{\psi} \cos \beta) \\
\begin{Bmatrix} p_\psi \\ p_\phi \end{Bmatrix} &= [D] \begin{Bmatrix} \dot{\psi} \\ \dot{\phi} \end{Bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{Bmatrix} \dot{\psi} \\ \dot{\phi} \end{Bmatrix} = [D]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} p_\psi \\ p_\phi \end{Bmatrix} \\
\mathcal{R} &= (T - V) - [p_\psi \quad p_\phi] \begin{Bmatrix} \dot{\psi} \\ \dot{\phi} \end{Bmatrix} = T - V - [p_\psi \quad p_\phi] [D]^{-1} \begin{Bmatrix} p_\psi \\ p_\phi \end{Bmatrix}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
9.12 \quad & \mathcal{M} = m \left[ \frac{1}{3}L^2 + 2 \frac{R^2 (\cos \theta)^2}{(\sin \theta)^4} - RL \cot \theta \right] \\
& \dot{\theta} = \frac{p_\theta}{\mathcal{M}} \\
& \dot{p}_\theta - \frac{p_\theta^2}{2\mathcal{M}^2} \left[ LR (\cot^2 \theta + 1) - 4R^2 \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin^5 \theta} (1 + 2 (\cos \theta)^2) \right] \\
& - \frac{\cos \theta}{(\sin \theta)^2} \left[ kR^2 \left( \frac{1}{\sin \theta} - 2 \right) + 2mgR \right] + mgL \sin \theta = F (L - R \cot \theta)
\end{aligned}$$

Note: The angle  $\theta$  mentioned in the problem statement is the same as the angle  $\psi$  in Figure P.9.12.

$$\begin{aligned}
9.14 \quad & \dot{\psi} = \frac{p_\psi}{mR^2 \dot{\psi} \left[ \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{8}{3\pi} \cos \psi \right) \right]} \\
& \dot{p}_\psi - \frac{p_\psi^2}{2mR^2 \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{8}{3\pi} \cos \psi \right)^2} \left( \frac{8}{3\pi} \sin \psi \right) + \frac{4}{3\pi} mgR \sin \psi = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
9.18 \quad & \dot{\psi} = \frac{3p_1}{mL^2}, \quad \dot{\theta} = \frac{3p_1}{2mL^2} \\
& \dot{p}_1 = M, \quad \dot{p}_2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} mgL \sin \theta = 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$9.22 \quad mR^2 \ddot{\gamma} \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{8}{3\pi} \cos \psi \right) + \dot{\gamma}^2 \left( \frac{4R}{3\pi} \right) (\sin \psi) + \frac{4R}{3\pi} mg \sin \psi = 0, \quad \dot{\gamma} = \dot{\psi}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
9.24 \quad & \left[ 1 + \sin \left( \frac{1}{4} \pi - \theta \right)^2 \right] \ddot{\psi} - \cos(2\theta) \dot{\theta} \dot{\psi} = \frac{3M}{mL^2} \\
& \frac{1}{3} \ddot{\theta} - \frac{2}{3} \dot{\psi}^2 \cos(2\theta) + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} mgL \sin \theta = 0 \\
9.28 \quad & I_2 \ddot{\beta} + I_1 \dot{\psi} \Omega \cos \beta + (I_2 - I_1) \dot{\psi}^2 (\sin \beta) (\cos \beta) = 0 \\
& (mL^2 + I_1) \ddot{\psi} + 2I_1 \dot{\psi} \dot{\beta} (\cos \beta) \sin \beta - I_2 \Omega \dot{\beta} \cos \beta - (I_1 - I_2) \Omega \dot{\beta} \cos \beta = M \\
9.31 \quad & \dot{\gamma}_1 = \dot{R}, \quad \dot{\gamma}_2 = \dot{\theta}, \quad \dot{\psi} = \frac{1}{r} \dot{\gamma}_1, \quad \dot{\phi} = -\frac{R}{r} \dot{\gamma}_2 \\
& \frac{7}{5} (\ddot{\gamma}_1 - \ddot{\gamma}_2) - \frac{2}{5} R \Omega \dot{\gamma}_2 = 0 \\
& \frac{7}{5} (R \ddot{\gamma}_2 + 2 \dot{\gamma}_1 \dot{\gamma}_2) + \frac{2}{5} \Omega \dot{\gamma}_1 = 0 \\
9.35 \quad & F \frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{w'}{1 + (w')^2} \right] - \mu \ddot{w} - \mu g = 0 \\
9.38 \quad & F \left[ \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \right) \left( \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) \left( \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) \left( \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} \right) \right] - \mu \ddot{u} = 0 \\
& F \left[ \left( \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} \right) - \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)^2 \left( \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} \right) - \left( \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} \right) \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \right) \right] - \mu \ddot{w} \\
& - \mu g = 0 \\
9.42 \quad & \frac{1}{2} \mu L^2 \ddot{q}_1 + \frac{\pi^2}{2} FL q_1 - \frac{\pi^4}{8} FL \left( \frac{3}{2} q_1 + 12 q_1 q_2^2 \right) + \frac{2}{\pi} \mu g L^2 = 0 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \mu L^2 \ddot{q}_2 + \frac{\pi^2}{2} FL (4q_2) - \frac{\pi^4}{8} FL (12q_1^2 q_2 + 24q_2^3) = 0
\end{aligned}$$